

Resource: `diamalbedo`

Compilation of estimates of the diameter and albedo of asteroids.

For each measurement of the diameter (`diameter ± (err_diameter_up, err_diameter_down)` in km) and/or albedo (`albedo ± (err_albedo_up, err_albedo_down)`), the SSO identification, thermal parameters (`beaming, emissivity`, if needed), and method are listed.

Description of columns

| Column | Type | Description |
|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| <code>idsso</code> | int | Unique id (let it empty) |
| <code>num</code> | int | Asteroid IAU Number if available |
| <code>name</code> | str | Asteroid name or designation |
| <code>diameter</code> | float | Diameter estimate (km) |
| <code>err_diameter_up</code> | float | Upper uncertainty on the diameter (km) |
| <code>err_diameter_low</code> | float | Lower uncertainty on the diameter (km) |
| <code>albedo</code> | float | Albedo estimate |
| <code>err_up</code> | float | Upper uncertainty on the albedo |
| <code>err_low</code> | float | Lower uncertainty on the albedo |
| <code>beaming</code> | float | Beaming parameter |
| <code>err_beaming</code> | float | Uncertainty on the beaming parameter |
| <code>emissivity</code> | float | Thermal emissivity |
| <code>err_emissivity</code> | float | Uncertainty on the emissivity |
| <code>selection</code> | int | Flag for selection (black list, neutral, forced: -1/0/1) |

| Column | Type | Description |
|-----------|------|--|
| method | str | Method used to determine the diameter |
| iddataset | int | Unique dataset identifier from the source.ods file |

Methods

The column `method` only accept a limited number of valid entries, indicating how the diameter and/or albedo were determined:

- Thermal models
 - `STM` : Standard Thermal Model
 - `FRM` : Fast Rotating Model
 - `NEATM` : Near-Earth Asteroid Thermal Model
 - `NESTM` : Night Emission Simulated Thermal Model
 - `TPM` : ThermoPhysical Model
- Shape modeling from multiple data source
 - `KOALA` : direct-imaging, lightcurves, and occultation
 - `ADAM` : direct-imaging, lightcurves, radar, and occultation
 - `SAGE` : lightcurves and direct-imaging
 - `Radar` : from radar echoes
 - `LC-TPM` : lightcurves and infrared photometry
 - `SPACE` : based on a close-encounter by a space mission
- Scaling of shape models from light curves by
 - `LC+TPM` : infrared photometry (via ThermoPhysical Model)
 - `LC+OCC` : stellar occultations
 - `LC+IM` : disk-resolved imaging
- Shape modeled as ellipsoid
 - `TE-IM` : from disk-resolved images
 - `TE-OCC` : from stellar occultations
- Size measurement on the plane of the sky (2D)

- [OCC](#) : stellar occultation
 - [IM](#) : disk-resolved imaging
 - [IM-PSF](#) : diameter estimated from PSF deviation
 - [Interferometry](#): diameter estimated from interferometry
- Albedo only, determined from
 - [Polarimetry](#) : degree of polarisation against phase angle
 - [PhaseFunction](#) : photometric phase curve